

BASEBALL 2º ESO

Baseball is a game between two teams of nine players each, played on a baseball field.

GLOSSARY

Field: Campo

Bat: Bate

Batter: Bateador

To bat: batear

Fielder/Defense: Jugador defensa

To pitch (the ball): Lanzar (la bola)

Pitcher: Lanzador

Runner: corredor

To score a run: marcar una carrera

Enclosed: cerrado

Infield: campo interior (entre las bases)

Outfield: campo exterior (más allá de las bases)

Inning: Entrada

To swing (the bat) : mover (el bate)

Foul ball: bola mala

To fail: fallar

To miss the hit: fallar el tiro (al batear)

To force: forzar

To step on a base: Pisar una base

To tag a runner out: Eliminar un corredor (tocándolo)

The Baseball Field



WHAT DO YOU NEED TO PLAY?

The ball

A bat

A leather glove



THE OBJECTIVE OF THE GAME:

The aim of the game is to score more runs than the opponent team.

A “run” is a score made by a batter that hits the ball and runs to 1st, 2nd, 3rd and gets back to home base in that order. When a runner arrives safely to a base, he can stop there and continue running to the next base when a teammate is batting.

A “home run” is scored when the ball is far enough and the player runs over all bases during the same turn.

THE BASEBALL FIELD.

The baseball field is an enclosed field where baseball is played. The infield contains 4 bases (one of them is called “home plate”) and has the form of a “diamond”. The rest is called “outfield”, covered with grass.

HOW LONG DOES A BASEBALL MATCH LAST?

There is no limit of time.

The game has a total of nine INNINGS.

An inning is a division of the game in which each team both offenses and defenses.

OUTS

A batter is out when:

- ❖ A batter gets three strikes
- ❖ A batter hits a ball that is caught *before* it touches the ground

A runner is out when;

- ❖ A runner is tagged out while he is running between bases
- ❖ A fielder holding the ball touches the 1st base with their foot *before* the runner touches the first base.
- ❖ A fielder stands on a base and touches the runner with the ball before the runner reaches the base.

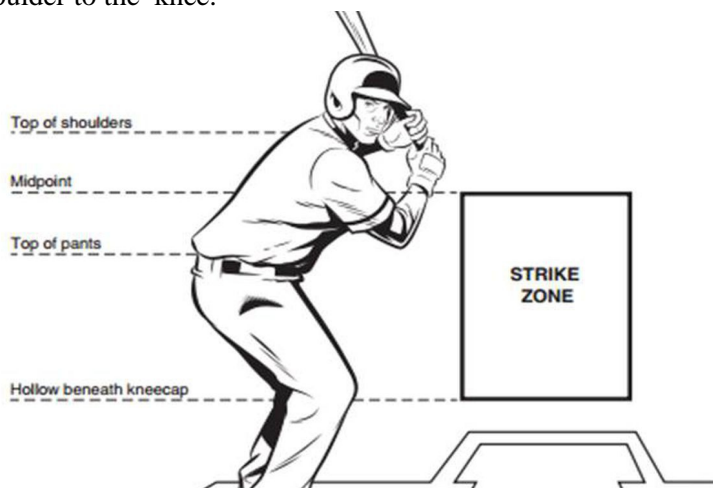
STRIKES and FOULS

A batter can get a strike in 3 different ways:

- ❖ when they swing the bat and fails
- ❖ When the pitcher throws a correct ball, but the batter doesn't move
- ❖ When they hit a “FOUL” ball (A “foul ball” is a ball hit by the batter that goes out of the field angle)

STRIKE ZONE

The strike zone is an area above home plate, where the ball is pitched. Approximately from the batter's shoulder to the knee.



BALLS and WALKS

When batting, there are a few options:

- if the pitcher throws the ball outside of the strike zone and the batter does not swing, it is called a ball. If the pitcher throws 4 balls, the batter can safely walk to 1st base.
- if the pitcher throws a ball and hits the batter with the ball, the batter can safely walk to 1st base
- if the pitcher throws “ball” but the batter swings and hits, it’s ok
- if the pitcher throws a “ball” and the batter fails, it’s considered a strike

RUNNING the BASES

Two runners cannot occupy a base at the same time. If that happens, the first player standing on the base is forced to run.

Every runner has to step on a base before running to the next one.

TAGGING RUNNERS OUT

The fielder team mission is to tag out players from the attacking team.

A runner is tagged out when a member of the fielding (also “defending”) team tags or touches the runner with the ball while the runner is not safely on a base.



BASEBALL VOCABULARY

- ❖ A RUN is the score made by an offensive player who hits the ball and touches first, second, third and home bases in that order.
- ❖ A BATTER is an offensive player who tries to hit a ball thrown by the pitcher.
- ❖ A PITCHER is the fielder designated to throw the ball to the batter. Also “the pitcher pitches the ball to the batter”
- ❖ A PITCH is a ball delivered to the batter by the pitcher.
- ❖ The CATCHER is the fielder who takes his position back of the home base and catches the ball when the batter does not hit it.

- ❖ A RUNNER is an offensive player who is running over the bases.
- ❖ The DEFENSE (or DEFENSIVE) is the team, or any player of the team, in the field.
- ❖ A GROUND BALL is a batted ball that rolls or bounces close to the ground.
- ❖ An INFIELDER is a fielder who occupies a position in the infield.
- ❖ OFFENSE is the team, or any player of the team, at bat.
- ❖ An OUTFIELDER is a fielder who occupies a position in the outfield, which is the area of the playing field most distant from home base.
- ❖ "SAFE" is a declaration by the umpire that a runner is entitled to the base for which he was trying.

BEISBOL 2º ESO

EL JUEGO.

El béisbol es un deporte de equipo de 9 jugadores cada uno, que se juega en un campo de béisbol

¿QUÉ NECESITAS PARA JUGAR?

Una pelota

un bate

un guante de cuero

líneas y bases marcadas en el campo

EL OBJETIVO DEL JUEGO

El objetivo del juego es realizar más carreras que el equipo contrario. Una “carrera” se consigue cuando un bateador que golpea la bola corre a la primera base, 2ª base, 3ª base y finalmente vuelve a “home base” en ese orden. Cuando un corredor llega a una base, puede parar ahí y continuar corriendo cada vez que otro compañero está bateando.

Un “home run” es una carrera que se ha conseguido durante el mismo turno de bateo, corriendo todas las bases sin parar.

CAMPO DE JUEGO

El campo de juego está formado por un rombo en cuyos ángulos se encuentran las bases (cuadrados blancos). La prolongación de las líneas entre HOME BASE y 1ª base, y HOME BASE y 3ª base forma un ángulo del que no puede salir la pelota.

Dentro del rombo, el campo se llama INFIELD

fuera del rombo, se denomina OUTFIELD.

OUTS

Un bateador es eliminado cuando:

- Comete 3 strikes
- Golpea una bola que es cogida al vuelo, antes de que caiga al suelo

Un corredor es eliminado cuando:

- Le tocan con la pelota (en la mano) mientras corre entre bases
- Un defensa con la bola en la mano pisa la primera base antes de que el corredor llegue a ella
- Un defensa alcanza una base y toca al corredor con la bola antes de que el corredor llegue a ella.

STRIKES Y FALTAS

Un bateador puede obtener un strike en 3 maneras:

- Cuando batea y no golpea la bola
- Cuando el pitcher tira una bola correcta, pero el bateador no se mueve
- Cuando lanza una “bola fuera” del ángulo de fair ball (el ángulo formado entre home base, primera base y tercera base)

OTRAS REGLAS IMPORTANTES

El pitcher tiene 4 intentos para lanzar una bola correctamente, dentro de la zona de strike. Si falla, se le llama “bola”. A la cuarta “bola” mala, se elimina al pitcher y el bateador va a primera base.

Si el pitcher golpea al bateador en el cuerpo, éste va a primera base.

Si el bateador mueve el bate para golpear una bola fuera de la zona de strike, se contará el bateo.